Public Health Office, 32, South Street, BRIDPORT.

August, 1951.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH TO THE BRIDPORT BOROUGH COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR 1950.

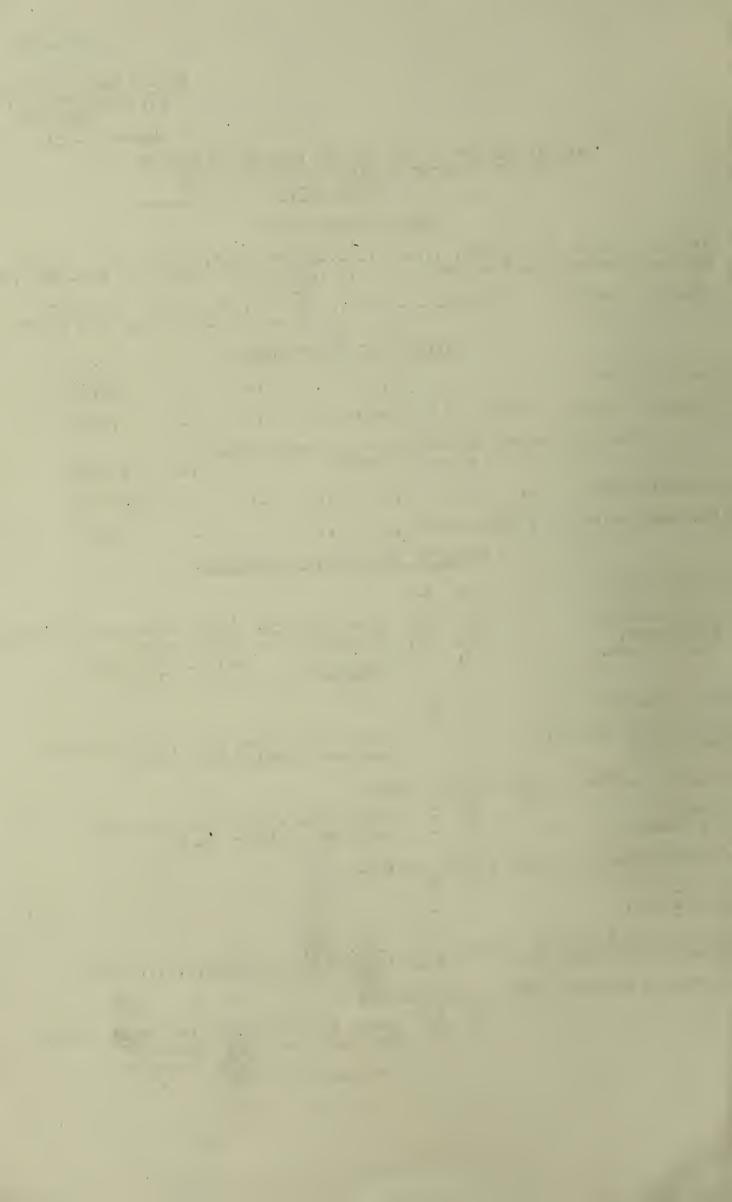
PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF.

• • •	101110	IIIA DILI	_ '		• •	
Medical Officer of Health Sanitary Inspector. & Surveyo	r , . ,	Adam Robe	rt. N. A	M.B., Armstro	Ch.B., D. ong, M.I., M	P.H. un.,E.
Clerk to the Medical Officer		Miss	J. Gui	rd. up Lawrence	to 20/4/50 se. from 1/	5/50.
<u>.</u> <u>.</u>	STATISTI	CS OF THE A	REA.		•	
Area in Acres	••	• •	, ,	* *	686.5.	
Registrar General's estimate	e of pop	ulation.	• •	• •	6,081.	
No. of inhabited houses (acc	ording end of	to the Rate	Books	••	1,990.	
Rateable Value	••	• •	• •	• •	£47,181,	
Sum represented by a Penny F	Rate	• •	• •	• •	£190.	
<u>EXTE</u>	RACTS FR	OM VITAL ST	ATISTI	CS.		
<u>Live Births.</u> <u>M</u> .	<u>F</u> .					
Total Births, 59. Legitimate, 56. Illegitimate, 3.	40, 38, 2	B irt h Rate population Comparabili	per 1,6 - 16, 17, ty Fac	000 est ,28 Ort ,26.001 tor - 1	timated res ide. rrected L.06.	ident
Still Births. M.	F.					
Total Still Births. 3 Legitimate. 3	;	Still Birth resident po				ed
Deaths of Infants under 1 year	ear of A	ge.		•		
Total. 4	下.	Death Rate notified bi	all In: rths -	fants 7 40.40.	per 1,000	
Deaths of Infants under 4 we		Age.				
Total. 2 Legitimate. 2	<u> </u>					
Deaths from Puerperal Causes Maternal Mortality Rate per	i,000 i	ive and sti	ll bir	ths	9.80.	

Death Rate per 1,000 estimated resident population - 17.76. Grude.
13.5. Gorrected.
Comparability Factor - 0.76.

Deaths at all ages and from all Causes.

63. 45. Death



CAUSES OF DEATH AT ALL AGES. Registrar General's Official Returns.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory. 2. Tuberculosis, other. 3. Syphilitic Disease. 4. Diphtheria. 5. Whooping Cough. 6. Meningonical infections. 7. Acute Poliomyelitis. 8. Measles. 9. Other infective & parasitic diseases. 10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach. 11. Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus. 12. Malignant neoplasm, uterus. 13. Malignant neoplasm, uterus. 14. Other malignant & lymphatic neoplasms. 15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia. 16. Diabetes. 17. Vascular lesions of nervous system. 18. Coronary disease, angina. 19. Hypertension with heart disease. 10. Other circulatory disease. 11. Other circulatory disease. 12. Influenza. 13. Pneumonia. 14. Bronchitis. 15. Other diseases of respiratory system. 16. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum. 17. Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea. 18. Nephritis and nephrosis. 19. Hyperplasia of prostate. 19. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion. 10. Congenital malformations. 10. Other defined and ill-defined diseases. 10. Motor vehicle accidents. 11. All other accidents. 12. Suicide. 13. Homicide and operations of war.	1		111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Total.	63	45	108

		- 3 -					
MATERNAL MORTALITY Maternal Deaths	INFANT MORTALITY. Deaths under 1 year Infantile Death Rate Infantile Death Rate (Eng.& Wales)	DEATHS:- Total Deaths Death Rate (Crude) Death Rate (Corrected) Death Rate (Eng. & Wales)	Live Births	Estimated Produce of Penny Rate	Rateable Value	Population	
Les) 2.82	37·5	94 12.4 12.1	79 77 22 13.4	£164	£43584 £1	5908	1939
2.16	55.5	108 14.8 14.3	85 84 14.4 14.6	£172	£43833 £	5903	1940
1 10.54 6 2.23	43.5 59	81 13.1 12.9	14.2 85 82 13.9	£172	£43959 £439	6121	1941
1 9.9 2.01	19.8 19.8	94 15.4 11.6	101 95 16.5 15.8	£178	954	6115	1942
1 2.29	49.4	104 17.7 12.1	74 74 13.8	£175	£43597 £	5877	1943
9 1.93	39.6 46.6	93 15-7	101 93 1 17.0	£175	£43882 £	5939	1944
3 1.79	23.3	83 13.8 11.4	86 75 11 14.3	£176	£43927 £	6003	1945
9 1.43	283	81 12.9	107 101 6 17.1	£178	£44318 £	6263	1946
3 1.17	24.2	89 14.0	124 118 14 19.5	£176	£44718 £	6374	1947 1948
7 1.02	283 4.8	15.0	104 99 5 17.5 17.5	£181	£44388 £	5948	1948
2 0.98	20.6	80 13.2 10.1 11.7	97 92 16.05	£180	£46131 £,	6045	1949
8 0 9 1 - 86 6	40.40	108 17.76 13.5	5 14 17 28 17 826	£190	£47181	1809	1950
					-		

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

Water Supplies.

There has been no change in the supply of water since my last Report. Because of inadequacy as to pressure and quantity, complaints have been made from the inhabitants of the Borough, and the Water Works Company have had to shut off the water at nights, mostly in the summer months to conserve supplies for the day time. In February, the Bridport Rural District Council stated that they were prepared to join the Bridport Borough Council to meet representatives of the Bridport Water Works Company in an endeavor to settle a basis for negotiation regarding the putchase of the Water Undertaking. In March, the Bridport Borough and Bridport Rural District Councils instructed their Parliamentary Agents to prepare a Draft Order for the formation of a Joint Water Board. In June, the Parliamentary Agents requested certain information regarding the proposed Water Order and this was transmitted, but up to the end of the year there has been no further Report on the Draft Order.

14 samples were taken from the Company's mains and these were all satisfactory.

Approximately 145 houses take their water from outside taps.

Drainage and Sewerage.

As stated in previous Reports, the East Beach is grossly polluted with sewage from the outfall situated in the middle of this beach and through which all the sewage from Bridport and parts of the adjoining Rural District empties into the sea.

Early in the year, the Council considered a Report from their Consulting Engineers on this difficult problem. This Report put forward the following proposals; (1) Screening of the sewage by means of a rotating fine screen.

(2) Disintegration of the screenings by an electrically driven disintegrator, the macerated screenings to be discharged back into the sewage flow.

(3) Pumping of storm flow when high rates of flow in the sewers coincided with high tide levels. (4) Discharging the sewage through a new outfall 4CO yards east of the present one, the sewer to this new outfall to be 24" diameter concrete tubes laid in a trench 20 ft. deep. (5) The estimated total annual cost to be £2,265.

The Engineers were asked to prepare a Report on a smaller disintegration scheme, and in November they issued a further Report. This proposed;

(1) Installation of a Comminutor, which is a mincing device, and would only be used during the day in the summer months, and not at all during the rest of the year. (2) A storm pump to prevent flooding. (3) The Comminutor and storm pump to be housed in an underground chamber built over the existing penstock chamber which would remain in use. (4) Reconstruction of the storm everflow to the river so as to reduce the flow to the outfall to a maximum of 6 times the dry weather flow. (5) The extension of the present outfall by 20 ft. with replacement of four existing pipes which are known to be faulty and the provision of additional piles as required. (6) The estimated capital cost to be £6,650.

Owing to the dangerous condition of the last two pipes of the outfall, a diver was employed to fix two bearers and renew bolts in the other two bearers.

3,325 feet of new sewers and drains to Council Houses, 995 feet to Trivate Buildings, 148 feet to alterations to old premises, were installed.

·ivers.

No serious pollution occurs in the rivers, Brit, Asker, and Simene, uring their course through the Borough. The proposed diverting of the river rit near the Gas Works was not carried out during the year.

2,000 loads of refuse, representing 2,550 tons were collected from approximately 2,650 dustbins. The Karrier Motor Refuse Lorry is now just over 3 years old, and is proving satisfactory. The lorry is continually employed and is manned with a driver and two men, and occasional assistance from a third man. During the year 42 tons of Tins and 30 tons of Paper were salvaged and baled, and 19 tons of miscellaneous salvage were disposed of. The remainder of the refuse is burnt in the Destructor where four men are continually employed. The Destructor is now 45 years old. The time is fast approaching when the Council should consider its replacement, or resort to controlled Tipping as an alternative. In either case, because of the lack of space, new sites can only be found outside the Borough Boundaries. Street cleaning is carried out by two full time and two part time sweepers with street orderly carts, and a total of 5.67 miles are swept daily. 1.0 mile three times weekly, 2.12 miles twice weekly and 2,60 miles once weekly.

Sanitary Inspection of the Area.

No.	of inspections for all purposes.	569,	:			
No.	of Informal Notices	26,	No.	complied	with	26.
No.	of Statutory Notices	5.	No.	complied	with	3.
	of Inspections of Shops	9.				
No.	of Inspections of Foodshops	108,				
No.	of Inspections of Bakehouses	7.				
	of Inspections of Houses	275.				
	of Inspections of Drains	89.				
	infection of Houses after I.D	18.				
	cellaneous Inspections	. 63.				

Eradication of Vermin.

1 house was dealt with during the year.

Petroleum, Spirit and Carbide.

No.	of	Licences granted during 195027.				37.5
No.	of	Inspections	No.	of Notices	served	MIT.

Smoke Abatement.

No action was taken under this heading.

Shops.

No Notices were served during the year.

Swimming and Bathing Pools.

There are no indoor swimming baths. Bathing takes place in the sea and in the river mouth which is dammed back for Water Polo and other aquatic sports. 4 samples of water were taken from the river mouth during the bathing season and all were negative to the organisms of the Typhoid, Paratyphoid, Dysentery, and Salmonella groups.

Rodent Control.

A full time Rodent Officer was employed during the winter months. Using the block control system, he estimates that 250 to 300 rats were destroyed. There is no Rodent Control during the summer months.

Schools.

The Dorset County Council constructed a new block of sanitary conveniences at the General School. There is much overcrowding of the class rooms in this school.

Camping Sites.

Apart from a few sites with a caravan stationed on each, the main site is at West Bay and is owned by the Council who employ a full time supervisor during the camping season. Water is supplied to various stand pipes on the site, and there are water closets, showers, and facilities for gas cooking. A daily collection of refuse is made in August, and three times a week during the rest of the season. No caravans are allowed to remain on the site after the camping season has ended on 30th September. The Council decided to install during 1951, (a) A circular concrete septic tank and gully near each of the six water points for the reception of foul water, these tanks to be emptied by a tank emptier. (b) Additional lavatory accommodation consisting of 4 ladies' and 2 mens' water closets, together with 4 wash hand basins on the north side of the site so as to drain into the sewer. (c) Additional roads in the field.

The Council should seriously consider introducing planning into this valuable and excellent camping site so as to reduce to a minimum the fire risk and to make administration easier. There were accommodated during the year in the camp approximately 7,000 persons, 600 Caravans, 900 Tents, 800 Cars, 200 Motor Cycles, and there were loaned out to the campers nearly 300 chairs, and 200 beds.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Meat Inspection.

All the slaughtering for West Dorset takes place at a Slaughter House in the Rural District. A Veterinary Surgeon, appointed by the Bridport R.D.C. is responsible for the inspection of carcases on every day that slaughtering takes place. No Report has been received concerning condemnations of meat at the Slaughter House during the year.

Milk Supply.

As a result of the Food and Drugs (Milk and Dairies) Act 1944 which came into operation on 1st October, 1949, the Local Authority are only responsible for registering persons carrying on the trade of milk distributors, and all premises used as Dairies not being Dairy Farms.

of persons registered as distributors at end of 1950	
OI Promises registered as a dairy not being a Dairy Farm	
of milk shops Inspected 3 No of Inspections	•
of Notices served.	•
tributors of milk residing within the Peneuch	
tributors of milk regiding outside the Borough but	•
etailing within the Borough	
coalling within the Borough	•
	of persons registered as distributors at end of 1950

Milk Sampling.

To avoid duplication in sampling, the Dorset County Council who is the Licensing Authority for dealers who pasteurise milk, agreed in April, to take all milk samples on behalf of the Borough, and the Laboratory agreed to transmit the results direct to the Medical Officer of Health.

141 samples were taken for analyses, with the following results:-

Result.	Pasteurised.	T.T.	Accredited.	Non-Designated.	Total
Passed.	119	7		11	137
Failed.	_	2	⊢	2	4

There are two pasteurising plants within the Borough.

No.	of premises on the Register for the	
	(a) Manufacture of Ice Cream	2.
•	(a) Manufacture of Ice Cream	28.
MO.	of Ice Cream premises inspected	28.
No	of Inspections	80
	of Informal Notices	

68 samples were taken for analyses, and of these, 27 were in Grade 1, 14 in Grade 2, 15 in Grade 3, and 12 in Grade 4.

Where results were considered to be unsatisfactory, frequent visits were made to the premises and advice given as to the measures which should be adopted to obtain and maintain a satisfactory standard.

Condemned Food.

During the year, the following foodstuffs were condemned as being unfit for human consumption.

Beef. Bacon. Butter. Tea. Fish Fillets. Meat (other than Beef). Sausages. Cheese. Semolina. Fruit Sweets. Groats. Marshmallow Biscuits. Pickles.	36 11 22 32 188 21 168 116 374 1176	n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n		958 1915 352 1210 210 43	" " " Tin. Tins. Tins, cartons
Salad Dressing	224	11	Tomato Sauce		11

HOUSING.

The problem of re-housing is still the most serious one facing the Council. In spite of 232 new houses and 31 houses reconstructed into flats by the Local Authority and Private Enterprise, there appears to be no diminution in the demand for accommodation. At the begining of the year there were approximately 145 applicants on the housing list, and this had increased to 221 by the end of the year. These numbers relate to persons living in the Borough only as the Council still adhere to their previous resolution, that only those persons residing within the Borough will be considered when new houses are allocated.

Because of lack of space within the Borough, the Council had to go into the neighbouring Rural Area to acquire Skilling Farm, and Staple's Land as building sites on which it is proposed to erect 104 Council and 44 Private Enterprise houses.

Inspection of Dwelling Houses.

No. complied with.....

No. Inspected for Housing defects	275.
No. found in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	3:
No. rendered fit after Informal action by Local Authority	22.
Action under Statutory Powers. Housing Act 1936. Sections 9.10. & 16.	
No. of Statutory Notices served	5.

Action under Statutory Powers. Public Health Act 1936.	
No. of Statutory Notices served	il.
Housing Act 1936. Sections 11 & 12.	
No. of Demolition Orders made	il.
Housing Act 1936. Section 12.	
No. of Closing Orders	il.
Re-Housing.	
No. of premises converted into Flats	1. 2,
(a) By Local Authority, Houses 40, Flats 28 (b) By Other Bodies	68. 12. 30.
No. of New Houses in course of construction:- (a) By Local Authority24. (b) By Other Bodies	
No. of New Houses proposed	04.
Post War Houses.	
Completed by Local Authority. Houses130. Flats 64. Total 19	94 .
	38.
In addition 31 premises have been reconstructed by the Local Authority and Other Bodies into Flats, housing 38 families.	
No. of Houses owned by Local Authority 4	34.
No. of Houses in the District	<i>7</i> 0.
No. of Houses in the District	
Of the 24 houses under construction by the Local Authority, leare of the Bungalow type. 8 of these have been built for aged peop while the remaining 8 are intended to be allocated to delicate and	
Of the 24 houses under construction by the Local Authority, leare of the Bungalow type. 8 of these have been built for aged peop while the remaining 8 are intended to be allocated to delicate and	
Of the 24 houses under construction by the Local Authority, leare of the Bungalow type. 8 of these have been built for aged peop while the remaining 8 are intended to be allocated to delicate and	

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

There were 16 cases of Scarlet Fever notified and of these, 8 occurred in one school. Intensive swabbing revealed that several children and a member of the staff were carrying the organism, and when these were dealt with the outbreak was controlled.

6 cases of Poliomyelitis were notified. Although the organism of this disease is known, it has not yet been determined whether it gains access to the body of a susceptible person from a Carrier through infected food or droplet infection. For every case that is notified there must be several cases that are not brought to the attention of the family Doctor as the disease may run an unrecognised course in mild or abortive cases. All the above cases occurred in the months of September and October.

162 cases of Measles were notified, this being the highest number for 5 years.

No cases of Diphtheria were notified, this being the eighth year since the last case occurred.

Close co-operation is maintained between the Head Teachers in schools, the School Nurse and the Medical Officer of Health regarding the control of Infectious Disease. The following cases were notified from the schools:-Chicken Pox 3, Conjunctivitis 3, German Measles 1, Impetbgo 1, Jaundice 1, Mumps 1, Measles 78, Ringworm 2, Scabies 1, Whooping Cough 13, Verminous 9.

Diphtheria Immunisation.

This is the responsibility of the County Council. When not performed by the child's own Doctor, immunisation is given at the Child Welfare Centre. The following table shows the number of children who have been immunised during the year.

Children under 5 years of age at 31.12.50.

Under 1 yr.	l yr.	2. yrs	• [3 yrs.	4 yrs.	Total
3	64	9		4	3	83
Chil	Children 5 - 15 years of age at 31.12.50.					
5 - 9 ye	ars.			10 -]	L4 years.	Total.
4				2		6

INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED DURING 1950.

	Whooping Cough.	Typhoid.	Scarlet I	Non-Pulmonary	Pulmonary	Puerperal	Pneumonia.	Ophthalmia	Measles.	Encephalitis	Erysipelas.	Dysentery.	Diphtheria.	Cerebro -	A.F.M. No	A.P.M. Pa	DISEASE.
	Cough.	, 1	Fever.		Tuberculosis.	Pyrexia.	•	ia Neonatorum.			*8*	y•	ia.	-Spinal I	Non-Paralytic.	Paralytic.	, .
				Tuberculosis.	losis.	•		corum.		Lethargica.		•		Fever.	/tic.	·	
	22	1	16	H	N	Н	N	1	162	1	3	l	ı	Н	l	0	Total cases at all ages
Ì	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	ı	l	1	1	1	Under 1 year.
	N	1	t	1	1	1	٢	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4
	4	1	٣	1	1	1	۳	1	24	1	1	1	1	1	1	Н	2-3
	3	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	22	1	1	1	1	1	1	۳	1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-10
	3	1	3	1	1	1	i	1	36	1	1	1	-1	1	1	Н	4-5
1	4	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	8	1	1	1	I	1	1	Н	5-10
	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	Н	1	Ī	1	1	1	10-15
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	15-20
	Н	1	1	1	Н	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	Н	1	N	10-15 15-20 20-35
-	H	1	1	٣	Н	Н	1	1	N	1	۳	1	1	1	1	1	35-45 45-65
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Н	1	ш	1	1	1	1	1	45-6
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	over 65
	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	t	1	1	1	1	1	Total deaths among noti-fied cases
	1	-1	10	1	1	ш	1	1	1	1	ш	1	1	Н	1	22	re to
																	tal ses moved Hosp. Dist.
	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	i	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Deaths in Hosp. of persons belong- ing to Dist.
		1															sons

- 10 -

TOTAL.

 ∞

 ∞

INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED DURING 1939 - 1950.

TOTAL.	Whooping Cough	Measlesunkr	Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Pneumonia	Tencephalitis Lethargica	1 Dysentery, '	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Acute Poliomyelitis	Cerebro-Spinal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Enteric Fever (inc. Typhoid)	Scarlet Fever	Erysipelas	Diphtheria	Smallpox	DISEASES.
25	umot	.uwonxin	۳	Φ	0	1	1	1	1	1	Н	1	4	3	N	1	1939
163	H	129	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	7	1	ı	0	۳	16	1	1940
210	74	91	5	7	4	1	1	1	1	Ю	3	ī	11	12	٢	ı	1941
52	6	15	N	∞	4	٢	ī	٦	Н	1	Н	1	9	3	ш	1	1942
43	. N	17	4	N	Н	1	1	1	1	ī	٢	1	10	σ	ı	ı	1943
52	17	12	N	6	1	1	Ю	1	1	IJ	l	1	Sī	3	ı	1	1944
222	23	185	٢	Ji	بــر	1	1	1	1	1	ш	1	3	W	1	I	1945
25	T	J	۲	4	ب	1	1	1	1	N	1	ı	5	σ,	1	1	1946
66	36	N	3	∞	1	1	ī	1	Ч	3	1	1	11	2	1	ı	1947
114	14	85	Ч	SI	Н	ı	ı	1	1	N	1	ī	4	∾	1	1	1948
44	22	3	ب	1	4	1	1	1	t	t	ш	ı	9	បា	1	t	1949
216	22	162	ר	N	N	1	1	ı	0	1	T	I	16	3	ı	ı	1950

TUBERCULOSIS.

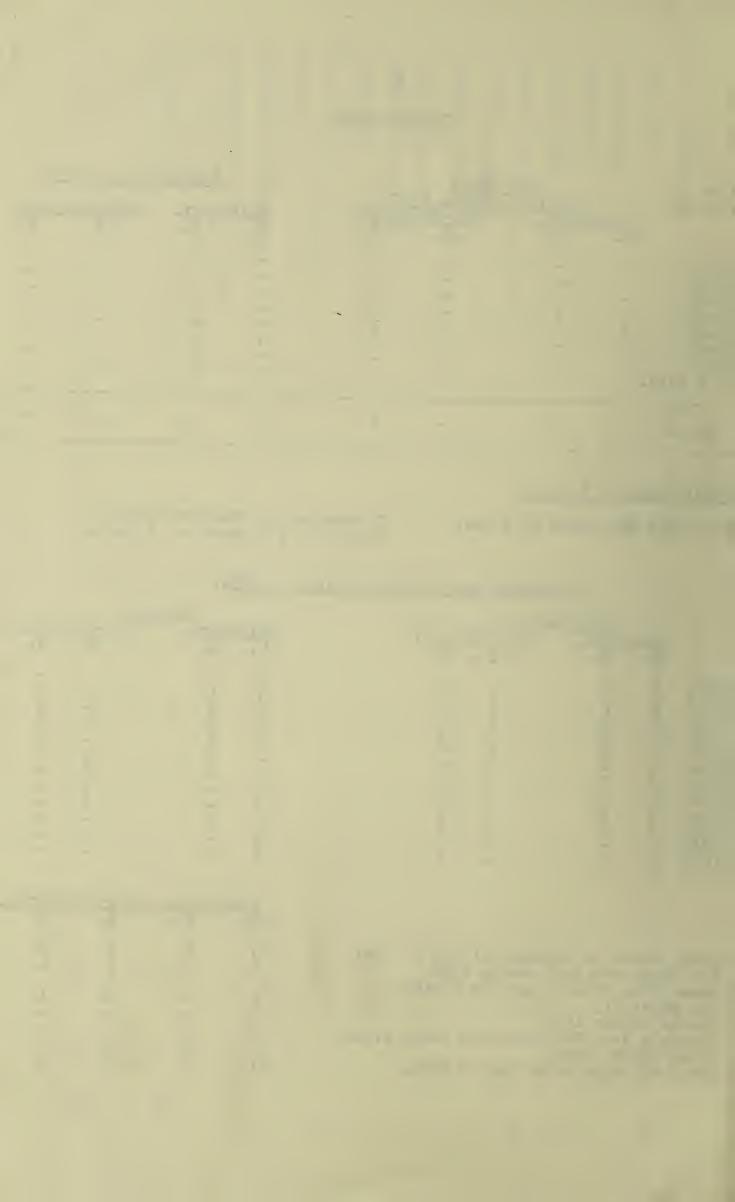
Age		New	Cases during 19	-	Deaths during 1950.					
Periods.	Pul M.	monary. F.	Non-Pulr M.	monary. F.	Puln M.	nonary.	Non-Pulmo	onary. F.		
0- 5		940	_		-		•			
5-15	_	-	_	_	-	pun.				
15-25		gaus.	Broth	-	-		_	1		
25-35		1	_		-			-		
35-45	1			1	-	•				
45-55	_	⊷		-	1		para .			
55-65	_	-	_	-	-	-		•••		
65 & over.	-	-			-	-		-		
Total.	1	1	-	1	1.					

Particulars of Deaths.

Pulmonary Male aged 48 years. Occupation - Factory Worker. Duration of Disease - 6 years.

New Cases and Mortality 1939 - 1950.

M. F. 1939 5 1940 4 1941 2 1942 7 1943 - 2 1944 6 2	Pulmonary. M. F. 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 - 1 1 1 1 1 - 2 1 1 - 1 1 1 - 1	Pulmonar M. F. 2 1 3 2 1 1 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2 1 - 2		Pulmonary. I. F. I. I
		Pulmona M.	ry. Non-Pu	ilmonary.
Total Cases on Register New Cases notified durin Cases from other areas n the District. Deaths during 1950. Removals from District i Total Cases cured. Total on Register at end	g 1950. ow living in nto other areas.	13 1 1 1 2 1 11	6 5 1 - 1 6 4	2 1 - - 4



FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948.

Part 1 of the Act.

1. INSPECTIONS for the purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors).

	Number	Number of				
Premises.	on Register	Inspections	Written Notices	- 1		
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	107	48	6	<u>-</u>		
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	3	3	1			
(iii)Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-worker's premises).		-				
Total.	110	51	6	-		

2. CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

			r of cases efects were			Number of cases in						
				Refer		which						
		Found	Remedied		By H.M.	prosecution						
	Particulars			Inspector	Inspector	were instituted						
M	Want of cleanliness (S.1)	3	3	p.m.	2							
C	Overcrowding (S.2)		-		-	-						
U	Unreasonable temperature(\$.3)	-	-	-		-						
I	Inadequate Ventilation (S.4)			-	-							
	Ineffective drainage of floor (s.6)	rs-	-		-							
	Sanitary Conveniences (8.7) (a) Insufficient (b) Unsuitable or defective (c) Not separate for sexes		ī	-	_ 1 -							
1	ther offences against the Action of the Acti	et -	-	-	-							
-	Total.	4	4	-	3	-						
1		1		1-	!	2						

Part V111 of the Act. OUTWORK

(Sections 110 and 111)

		ection 110.		Section 111.				
Nature of Work,	No. of Out- workers in August list required by Sect. 110 (1) (c)	cases of default	failuteto supply	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises.		Pro secu tions		
Nets, other than wire nets.	341		-	1				
Total.	341	_		Basel B	_	_		

BRIDPORT PORT HEALTH AUTHORITY.

7	Table A.	Amount of	Shinning	entering	the	Port	during	the	VAnr
٠.	Table 4.	Amount of	DIITDATIE	CH OCTITIES	Oire	TOTO	auting	0116	year.

	No.	Tonnage.	Inspec M.O.H.	S.I.	Defective.	Infectious Diseases or board.
Foreign Motor.	2	500	2	0	0	0
Coastwise Motor.	22	5500 _.	6	0	0	0

on

11. Table B. Trade of Port.

Nil.

(a) Passenger Traffic - (b) Cargo -Imports; Timber. Exports; Gravel.

111. Water Supply.

lv.

Vl.

From the Bridport Water Works Company's mains.

Port Health Regulations.

As in previous Reports.

Table C. Cases of Infectious Sickness landed from Vessels. Nil.

Cases Of Infectious Sickness Occurring on Vessels during the voyage but disposed of prior to arrival. Table D.

Nil.

V. Measures against Rodents.

> A full time Rodent Officer is employed for the Borough and Port of Bridport during six months of the year - No measures are taken to rat-proof premises in the vicinity of the Port.

Table E. Rats destroyed during the year.

> (1) On Vessels - Nil. (2) In Quays and Warehouses - 17 Brown Rats; none of these were examined.

Hygiene of Orews! Spaces.

Classification of Nuisances - Nil.

Vll. Food Inspection.

> Shell-fish. There are no Shell-fish beds or layings within the area.

